

Safety Data Sheet according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations Issue date:17/12/2021 Revision date:

Version:

	1350e date. 17/12/2021	Revision date.	version.
SECTION 1: Product identifie	er		
1.1. Product identifier			
Product form	: Mixture		
Trade name	: <=0.25% CO/N2		
Product code	: 311		
1.2. Recommended uses and re	estrictions		
Relevant identified uses		fessional uses. Perform risk assessment prior to use. Tes ise. Contact supplier for more information on uses.	st gas/Calibration
1.3. Supplier information			
CAC GAS & Instrumenation Pty Ltd Unit 3 36 Holbeche Rd 2148 Arndell Park - AUSTRALIA T +61 2 8676 6500 cac@cacgas.com.au - http://www.cacg Emergency telephone number: 02 867			
SECTION 2: Hazards identifie	cation		
2.1. Classification of the hazard	dous chemical		
Classification (GHS AU)			
Press. Gas (Comp.) H280			
2.2. Label elements			
Hazard pictograms (GHS AU)			

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	GHS04
Signal word (GHS AU)	: Warning
Hazard statements (GHS AU)	: H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary statements (GHS AU)	: P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
2.3. Other hazards	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS-No.	Compound type	%	Classificati on according to the United Nations GHS (Rev. 4, 2011)
Nitrogen	7727-37-9		99.5	Press. Gas (Comp.), H280
carbon monoxide	630-08-0		≤ 0.25	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 Repr. 1A, H360 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:ga s), H331 STOT RE 1, H372

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 victim warm and rested. Call a doctor stopped. First-aid measures after skin contact Adverse effects not expected from the ingestion is not considered a potention of any immediate medical attention and special treatment need of the medical advice or treatment Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment need of the medical advice or treatment None. Section 5: Firefighting measures 5.1. Extinguishing media Water spray or fog. Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet to extinguish. 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture General measures Try to stop release. Evacuate area. I contained breathing apparatus when Ensure adequate air ventilation. Act Oxygen detectors should be used with the substance or fire-fighters Special protective equipment for fire fighters In confined space use self-contained contained breathing clothing for firefighters. Standard - E Self-contained breatment (Self Contained Breatming clothing for firefighters. Standard - E Self-contained or fire or proven drainage systems. If possible, stop furthers if possible, stop furthers in substance or may the substance or proven drainage systems. If possible, stop furthers in the substance or system. If possible, stop furthers in the substance or proven drainage systems. If possible, stop furthers in the substance or systems. If possible, stop furthers in the substance or system. 	s product. I route of exposure. ohyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of ot be aware of asphyxiation. See section 11.
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radiation may cause gas receptacles jet from a protected position. Preven drainage systems. If possible, stop fl fumes if possible. Move containers a	breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and Apparatus) for fire fighters. Standard EN 469 - Protective I 659: Protective gloves for firefighters. Standard EN 137 ed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
	for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray water used in emergency cases from entering sewers an w of product. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire vay from the fire area if this can be done without risk.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	
contained breathing apparatus when Ensure adequate air ventilation. Act	onitor concentration of released product. Wear self- entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. a accordance with local emergency plan. Stay upwind. en asphyxiating gases may be released.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
No additional information available	
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
No additional information available	
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Try to stop release.	
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	
Methods and material for containment and : Ventilate area.	
cleaning up	

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

SECTION 7: Handling and storage		
7.1. Precautions for safe handling		
Safe handling of the gas receptacle	Refer to supplier's container handling instructions. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content of the container. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock. Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.	
Safe use of the product	: The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations. Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularily) checked for leaks before use. Do not smoke while handling product. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis. Do not breathe gas. Avoid release of product into work area.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, inc	luding any incompatibilities	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters - exposure standards

carbon monoxide (630-08-0)		
USA - ACGIH	Local name	Carbon monoxide
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	25 ppm
USA - ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: COHb-emia. Notations: BEI
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
USA - ACGIH	Local name	Nitrogen
USA - ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Simple Asphyxiant

from combustible materials.

Exposure limit values for the other components

No additional information available

8.2.	Monitoring	
No add	tional information available	
8.3.	Appropriate engineering controls	

Appropriate engineering controls :	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Systems under pressure should be regularily checked for leakages. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.
8.4. Personal protective equipment	
Personal protective equipment :	A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered: PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.

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Hand protection	 Wear working gloves when handling gas containers. Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk.
Eye protection	: Wear safety glasses with side shields. Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications
Respiratory protection	: Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known. Use gas filters with full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers. Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency. Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres. Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and standard EN136, full face masks . Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
Thermal hazard protection	: None necessary.
Environmental exposure controls	: Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment. None necessary.
Other information	: Wear safety shoes while handling containers. Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.

9.1. SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
Physical state	Gas	
Appearance		
Molecular mass	Not applicable for gas mixtures.	
Colour	Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following colour(s): Colourless.	
Odour	Odourless.	
Odour threshold	Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure. Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.	
рН	Not applicable for gas mixtures.	
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	No data available	
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	Not applicable for gas mixtures.	
Melting point / Freezing point	Melting point : Not applicable for gas mixtures.	
Boiling point	Not applicable for gas mixtures.	
Flash point	Not applicable for gas mixtures.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Non flammable.	
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	
Vapour pressure	Vapour pressure : Not applicable. Vapour pressure at 50 °C : Not applicable.	
Relative density	Relative vapour density at 20 °C : Not applicable. Relative gas density : Lighter or similar to air.	
Density	No data available	
Solubility	No data available	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable for gas mixtures.	
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable. Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.	
Explosive properties	Not applicable.	
Oxidising properties	None.	
Explosive limits	Not applicable for gas mixtures.	
Minimum ignition energy	No data available	
Fat solubility	No data available	
Gas group	Compressed gas	
Additional information	None.	
10.1. SECTION 10: Stability and read	/ity	
Reactivity	No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below. No reactivity haz other than the effects described in sub-sections below.	zard
Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.	

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Conditions to avoid	 None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7). Avoid moisture in installation systems.
Incompatible materials	: For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
11.1. SECTION 11: Toxicologica	I information
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified

Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Classification criteria are not met.
carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	3760 ppm/1h (ADR)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: No known effects from this product.
	pH: Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: No known effects from this product.
	pH: Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: No known effects from this product.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: No known effects from this product.
Carcinogenicity	: No known effects from this product.
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: No known effects from this product.
STOT-repeated exposure	: Classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	:
≤0.25% CO/N2	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

According to the National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets, Environmental classification information is not mandatory. Information relevant for GHS classification is available on request

12.1. Ecotoxicity	
Ecology - general	: Classification criteria are not met.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short- erm (acute)	: Not classified
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long- erm (chronic)	: Not classified
≤0.25% CO/N2	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable for gas mixtures.
carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.78
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable for inorganic products.
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
≤0.25% CO/N2	
Persistence and degradability	No data available.
carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Will not undergo hydrolysis. Not readily biodegradable.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	

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≤0.25% CO/N2	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). See section 9.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
≤0.25% CO/N2	No. de la constitución
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution. Partition into soil is unlikely.
carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution. Partition into soil is unlikely.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
12.5. Other adverse effects	
Ozone	: Not classified
Other adverse effects	
	: No known effects from this product.
Effect on the ozone layer	: None.
≤0.25% CO/N2	
Effect on the ozone layer	None.
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False
GWPmix comment	No known effects from this product.
carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
Effect on the ozone layer	No effect on the ozone layer.
Effect on global warming	No known effects from this product.
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Effect on the ozone layer	No effect on the ozone layer.
Effect on global warming	None.
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	
	Contact supplier if guidance is required. May be vented to atmosphere in a well ventilated place. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded. Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at http://www.eiga.eu for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. Return unused product in original container to supplier.
Additional information	: None. External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended)	: 16 05 05 : Gases in pressure containers other than those mentioned in 16 05 04.
SECTION 14: Transport information	
14.1. UN number	
UN-No. (ADG)	: 1956
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1956 - 1956
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1956
14.2. Proper Shipping Name - Addition	
Proper Shipping Name (ADG)	: COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Carbon monoxide ; Nitrogen MIXTURE)

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Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	[:] Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Carbon monoxide ; Nitrogen MIXTURE)
Transport by sea (IMDG)	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Carbon monoxide ; Nitrogen MIXTURE)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
ADG	
Transport hazard class(es) (ADG) Danger labels (ADG)	: 2.2 : 2.2 :
IMDG	
Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) Danger labels (IMDG)	: 2.2 : 2.2 :
ΙΑΤΑ	
Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) Danger labels (IATA)	: 2.2 : 2.2 : z
44.4 Decking group	
14.4. Packing group Packing group (ADG)	: Not applicable
Packing group (IMDG)	: Not applicable
Packing group (IATA)	: Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	: No
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Specific storage requirement	: No data available
Shock sensitivity	: No data available
14.7. Additional information	
Other information Special transport precautions	 No supplementary information available Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure there is adequate ventilation Ensure that containers are firmly secured Ensure valve is closed and not leaking Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
Transport by road and rail	
UN-No. (ADG)	: 1956
Special provision (ADG)	: 274, 292
Limited quantities (ADG)	: 120ml
Packing instructions (ADG) Transport by sea	: P200
Tanoport by oou	
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1956
Special provisions (IMDG)	: 274
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ccording to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulation	ons
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 120 ml
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	: E1
Packing instructions (IMDG)	: P200
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-C - FIRE SCHEDULE Charlie - NON-FLAMMABLE GASES
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-V - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Victor - GASES (NON-FLAMMABLE, NON-TOXIC)
Stowage category (IMDG)	: A
Air transport	
	1050
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1956
PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	: E1
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	: Forbidden
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	: Forbidden
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	: 200
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	: 75kg
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	: 200
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	: 150kg
ERG code (IATA)	: 2L
14.8. Hazchem or Emergency Action Cod	e
Hazchem Code	: 2TE
SECTION 15: Regulatory information	n
15.1. Safety, health and environmental re	gulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
No additional information available	
15.2. International agreements	
No additional information available	
SECTION 16: Other information	
Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
	CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
	REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
	EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
	CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number
	PPE - Personal Protection Equipment
	LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
	RMM - Risk Management Measures
	PBT - Persistent. Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
	STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
	CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment
	EN - European Standard
	UN - United Nations ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by
	Road
	IATA - International Air Transport Association
	IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
	WGK - Water Hazard Class
	STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
Other information	: Classification using data from databases maintained by the European Industrial Gases Association (EIGA). Data is maintained in EIGA doc 169 : 'Classification and Labelling Guide', downloadable at : http://www.eiga.eu. Classification in accordance with calculation methods of regulation (EC) 1272/2008 CLP.
Classification:	- • •
Press. Gas (Comp.)	H280
Full text of H-statements:	
Acuto Tox 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Aguta taxicity (inhalation:gas) Catagon (3

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations

Press. Gas (Comp.)	Gases under pressure : Compressed gas	
Repr. 1A	Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A	
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 1	
H220	Extremely flammable gas.	
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.	
H331	Toxic if inhaled.	
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.